## CEQA Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program (MMRP) Dana Ryan, Rezone and General Plan Amendment (P-20-20 & P-21-33)

Dana Ryan, Rezone and General Plan Amendment (P-20-20 & P-21-33)							
Mitigation Measure	Implementation Phase	Monitoring Phase	Enforcement	Level of			rification Compliance
			Agency	Significance	Initials	Date	Remarks
A th - ti				After Mitigation			
Aesthetics The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in		T .		1	I	T	
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in							
this resource area.  Agriculture and Forestry Resources							
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in							
this resource area.							
Air Quality							
AQ-1) Controlling Dust Emissions During Construction	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than			
Act 1/ Controlling Dust Emissions During Constitution	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning	Significant			
The following standard conditions for controlling dust emissions during	responsibility during	responsibility during	i laming	Cigimicant			
construction will be required as to reduce impacts from fugitive dust	construction activities.	construction activities.					
generation:							
generalien							
All active construction areas (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil							
piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered a							
minimum of two times per day during the dry season							
Hydroseed or apply non-toxic soil stabilizers to inactive construction							
areas.							
Dust-generating activities shall be limited during periods of high							
winds (over 15 mph)							
Suspend excavation and grading activity when winds exceed 25							
mph.							
All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material, likely to give rise to girls true dust shall be severed.							
to give rise to airborne dust, shall be covered.							
<ul> <li>All vehicle speeds shall be limited to 15 miles per hour within the construction area.</li> </ul>							
Promptly remove earth or other tracked-out material from paved     streets enterwhich earth or other material has been transported by							
streets onto which earth, or other material has been transported by							
trucking or earth-moving equipment.							
Conduct digging, backfilling, and paving of utility trenches in such a manner as to minimize the creation of airborne dust							
<ul> <li>Pave the backfilled trenches as soon as practicable after backfilling of the trenches</li> </ul>							
Biological Resources							
BIO-1) Equipment and Vehicle Washing and Inspection for Invasive	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than			
Species Control	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning, CDFW,	Significant			
	responsibility during	responsibility during	and USFWS	Significant			
Prior to being brought to and leaving from the property, any heavy	construction activities.	construction activities.	and our vvo				
equipment used to develop the property, vehicles, vehicle parts, and	Jones Gotton Gottvilloo.	Jones Gotton Gottvillos.					
underbody of vehicles shall first be thoroughly washed with wash systems of							
high pressure and low volume and inspected for weeds, in order to prevent							
introduction of new weed species. Wastewater should be contained by a							
wash system. Wash residues should be removed from the tracking surfaces							
of the vehicle being washed before vehicle exits system to prevent							
contamination to the exiting vehicle. Wash residues shall be contained so							
that the washed vehicle does not track removed residue from the weed							
wash containment station. The wash station should be fully operational							
during the designated assignment.					<u> </u>		
			·				

An integrated pest management plan, which addresses the biological considerations of the California Invasive Plant Council (Cal-IPC) high- and moderate-rated weed species found in Appendix G of the Biological Assessment Report shall be developed for the site by a qualified biologist. The integrated pest management plan shall be used to direct noxious weed extirpation efforts. Following construction activities, monthly monitoring and rapid (species appropriate) treatments shall occur, in order to prevent further proliferation of noxious weeds.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility prior to and during construction activities.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility prior to and during construction activities.	Trinity County Planning, CDFW, and USFWS	Less Than Significant	
Plant milkweed hedgerows in the green spaces around the developed areas, to reduce the foraging pressures on monarch populations and mitigate the loss of nursery sites as a result of site development. Showy milkweed (Asclepias speciosa) shall be planted as a monoculture using California native seed. The planting site shall be irrigated and weeded for three years after planting to ensure success. Herbicides and pesticides shall not be used on the milkweed planting sites. Additionally, native early- and late-blooming nectar plants shall be incorporated into the landscape to support early spring and fall migrations. Recommended monarch butterfly plant species can be found at https://xerces.org/monarchs.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during construction activities.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during construction activities.	Trinity County Planning, CDFW, and USFWS	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during construction activities.	
If vegetation removal or other project-related improvements that could impact nesting birds are scheduled during the nesting season (typically February 1 to August 31), a focused survey for active bird nests shall be conducted by a designated biologist within seven days prior to the beginning of project-related activities. A designated biologist survey is not needed for project activities occurring outside this time period. Surveys shall begin prior to sunrise and continue until vegetation and nests have been sufficiently observed. The survey shall take place in an appropriate buffer around the project site that accounts for the visual and auditory disturbance of the project activities, as determined by the Designated Biologist in consultation with the CDFW. The results of the survey shall be submitted to CDFW by email at R1CEQARedding@wildlife.ca.gov within three business days of survey completion.  Survey results shall include a description of the area surveyed, time and date of surveys, ambient conditions at the time of surveys, species observed, active nests observed, evidence of breeding behaviors (e.g., courtship, carrying nesting material or food, etc.), a description of any outstanding conditions that may have impacted survey results (e.g., weather conditions, excess noise, predators present, etc.), and recommended nest	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility prior to and during construction activities.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility prior to and during construction activities.	Trinity County Planning, CDFW, and USFWS	Less Than Significant	
setbacks, if active nests are found.  If an active nest is found, the project proponent shall avoid disturbance and destruction of the nest by implementing avoidance measures such as delaying work until nesting is complete, establishing species-appropriate buffers (minimum starting buffers of 50 feet for passerines, 300 feet for raptors, 450 feet for California Endangered Species Act [CESA]/ESA listed species), and requiring nest monitoring during project activities. If the nest cannot be avoided, consult with CDFW regarding appropriate actions to comply with the Fish and Game Code section 3503. If a lapse in project-related work of seven days or longer occurs, another					

focused survey may be required. Consultation with CDFW will be required					
before project work can be reinitiated.					
BIO-5) Rodent Management	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than	
	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning, CDFW,	Significant	
In order to prevent unintended harm to fully protected raptors, preventative	responsibility prior to	responsibility prior to	and USFWS	_	
and non-chemical strategies shall be used to control rodents rather than	and during construction	and during construction			
anticoagulant rodenticides. The rodent prevention strategy will focus on	activities.	activities.			
reducing the rodent carrying capacity of the site by removing food access					
and items/features that could provide habitat to rodents. In the event that an					
infestation is detected, traps or a non-anticoagulant rat poison such as					
EradiBait shall be used to extirpate the pests. The use of anticoagulant					
rodenticides shall be prohibited.					
BIO-6) Pallid Bat Construction Constraints and Surveys	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than	
Bio-of Family Bat Goristi detion Constraints and Guiveys	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning, CDFW,	Significant	
To protect pollid beta construction activities on the project site shall be				Significant	
To protect pallid bats, construction activities on the project site shall be	responsibility prior to	responsibility prior to	and USFWS		
prohibited between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to sunrise. Additionally, if the	and during construction	and during construction			
project will impact trees with cavities, crevices, and/or exfoliated bark, a	activities.	activities.			
thorough survey of the large trees shall first be conducted by the qualified					
biologist or arborist familiar with these features to determine if tree features					
and habitat elements conducive to roosting are present. Trees with features					
potentially suitable for bat roosting shall be clearly marked prior to removal.					
If removal or disturbance of trees identified to have roost structures will					
occur during the bat maternity season, when young are non-volant (March 1					
– August 31), or during the bat hibernation season (November 1 – March 1),					
when bats have limited ability to safely relocate roosts, it could cause a					
significant impact to bats through direct mortality during the roost removal.					
Impacts to roosts are usually accompanied by high mortality rates of bats,					
which is a significant impact because a single colony could consist of the					
entire local population of a species. The availability of suitable roosting					
habitat is considered a limiting factor in almost all bat species. Roost site					
suitability is often based on a narrow range of suitable temperatures,					
relative humidity, physical dimensions, etc., and many species exhibit high					
roost site fidelity. Depending on the impact, if any, to the roosting habitat,					
suitable mitigation shall be determined by a qualified biologist and could					
include providing replacement or alternate roost habitat. If necessary, humane evictions shall be conducted during seasonal periods of bat activity,					
which may vary by year, location, or species and must be conducted by or					
under the supervision of a qualified biologist with specific experience					
conducting exclusions. Humane exclusions could consist of a two-day tree					
removal process whereby the non- habitat trees and brush are removed					
along with certain tree limbs on the first day and the remainder of the tree					
on the second day. This two-step process changes the microhabitat of the					
area causing the bats to vacate the area under their own volition, therefore					
minimizing mortality and other impacts to bat species.					
Cultural Resources			I		
CUL-1) Cultural and Archeological Resources	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than	
	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning and the	Significant	
If cultural resources are encountered during construction activities, all onsite	responsibility during	responsibility during	THPOs for the Nor-		
work shall cease in the immediate area and within a 50-foot buffer of the	ground-disturbing	ground-disturbing	RelMuk Nation,		
discovery location. A qualified archaeologist will be retained to evaluate and	activities	activities	Hoopa Valley,		
assess the significance of the discovery, and develop and implement an			Redding		
avoidance or mitigation plan, as appropriate. For discoveries known or likely			Rancheria, Round		
to be associated with Native American heritage (prehistoric sites and select			Valley, Tsnungwe		
historic period sites), the tribes listed in Section 4.3 or those on file with the			and Wintu Tribes		
County should also be contacted immediately to evaluate the discovery and,			and mile moo		
in consultation with the project proponent, the County, and consulting					
in concentration with the project proportions, the country, and consuming	<u> </u>		l		

archaeologist, develop a treatment plan in any instance where significant impacts cannot be avoided. Prehistoric materials which could be encountered include obsidian and chert debitage or formal tools, grinding implements, (e.g., pestles, handstones, bowl mortars, slabs), locally darkened midden, deposits of shell, faunal remains, and human burials. Historic archaeological discoveries may include early-20th century mining equipment, building foundations, structural remains, or concentrations of artifacts made of glass, ceramics, metal, or other materials found in buried pits, wells or privies.  CUL-2) Unidentified Human Remains  If human remains are discovered during project construction, work will stop at the discovery location, within 20 meters (66 feet), and any nearby area reasonably suspected to overlie human remains (Public Resources Code, Section 7050.5). The Trinity County Coroner will be contacted to determine if the cause of death must be investigated. If the Coroner determines that the remains are of Native American origin, it will be necessary to comply with state laws relating to the disposition of Native American burials, which fall within the jurisdiction of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC; Public Resources Code, Section 5097). The Coroner will contact the NAHC. The descendants, or most likely descendants, of the deceased will be contacted and work will not resume until they have made a recommendation to the landowner or the person responsible for the excavation work for means of treatment and disposition, with appropriate dignity, of the human remains and any associated grave goods, as provided in Public Resources Code, Section 5097.98. Work may resume if the NAHC is unable to identify a descendant or the descendant failed to make a recommendation.	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during ground-disturbing activities	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during ground-disturbing activities	Trinity County Coroner and Native American Heritage Commission	Less Than Significant		
Energy						
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Geology and Soils	Dormitton and	Dormitton and	Trinity County	Loss Thon	Π	
If a paleontological discovery is made during construction, the contractor shall immediately cease all work activities in the vicinity (approximately 100 feet) of the discovery and shall immediately contact the County. A qualified paleontologist shall be retained to observe all subsequent grading and excavation activities. The paleontologist shall establish procedures for resource surveillance and establish, in cooperation with the project developer, procedures for temporarily halting or redirecting work to permit sampling, identification, and evaluation of fossils. If major resources are discovered that require temporarily halting or redirection of work, the paleontologist shall report such findings to the County. The paleontologist shall determine appropriate actions, in cooperation with the applicant and County that ensure proper explorations and/or salvage. Excavated finds shall first be offered to a state-designated repository such as the museum of Paleontology, University of California, Berkeley, or California Academy of Sciences. Otherwise, the finds shall be offered to the County for purposes of public education and interpretive displays. The paleontologist shall submit a follow-up report to the County that shall include the period of inspection, an analysis of the fossils found, and the present repository of fossils.  Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during ground-disturbing activities	Permittee and construction contractor responsibility during ground-disturbing activities	Trinity County Planning	Less Than Significant		
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Hazards and Hazardous Materials						

The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Hydrology and Water Quality						
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Land Use and Planning						
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Mineral Resources	_					
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Noise						
NOISE-1) Construction Noise	Permittee and	Permittee and	Trinity County	Less Than	T I	
NOISE-1) Constituction Noise	construction contractor	construction contractor	Planning	Significant		
The following measure will be implemented during construction activities to	responsibility during	responsibility during	i laming	Significant		
reduce noise levels:	construction activities.	construction activities.				
	construction activities.	construction activities.				
a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, and between the hours						
of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on Saturdays.						
Construction activity will not occur on Sundays or holidays.						
Population and Housing			T T		1	
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Public Services						
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Recreation	_					
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Transportation						
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Tribal Cultural Resources						
Implementation of CUL-1 (Cultural Resources)	Per CUL-1 (Cultural	Per CUL-1 (Cultural	Per CUL-1 (Cultural	Less Than		
	Resources)	Resources)	Resources)	Significant		
Utilities and Service Systems	,			<u> </u>		
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Wildfire	<u>'</u>					
The IS/MND does not identify significant effects or mitigation measures in						
this resource area.						
Mandatory Findings of Significance						
Implementation of Mitigation Measures AQ-1, BIO-1 to BIO-6, CUL-1 and	Per AQ-1, BIO-1 to BIO-	Per AQ-1, BIO-1 to BIO-	Per AQ-1, BIO-1 to	Less Than		
CUL-2 (Cultural Resources), GEO-1, NOISE-1, and CUL-1 (Tribal Cultural	6, CUL-1 and CUL-2	6, CUL-1 and CUL-2	BIO-6, CUL-1 and	Significant		
Resources).	(Cultural Resources),	(Cultural Resources),	CUL-2 (Cultural	Significant		
Nesources).	GEO-1, NOISE-1, and	GEO-1, NOISE-1, and	Resources), GEO-			
	CUL-1 (Tribal Cultural	CUL-1 (Tribal Cultural	1, NOISE-1, and			
	Resources)	Resources)	CUL-1 (Tribal			
	ivesources)	ivesources)	Cultural			
			Resources)			
		<u> </u>	Nesources)		1	